

Rare Earth Demand for Catalysts to 2025

INSIGHTFUL CHARTS, TABLES, ANALYSIS, AND FORECASTS



50 Page Digital Chartbook

Management-Style Format

Data-Rich Charts, Tables, and Analysis

Insightful Forecasts for All Major End-Uses

Demand by Region, Oxide, Application, and Individual End-Use in 9 Primary Categories:

- 1. Fuel Cracking Catalysts**
- 2. Fuel Cracking Catalyst Additives**
- 3. Fuel-Borne Catalysts**
- 4. Catalytic Converters for Cars and LCVs**
- 5. Catalytic Converters for Buses and Trucks**
- 6. Catalytic Converters for Motorcycles**
- 7. Catalytic Converters for Other Vehicles**
- 8. Stationary Emissions Control Catalysts**
- 9. Polybutadiene Rubber Catalysts**

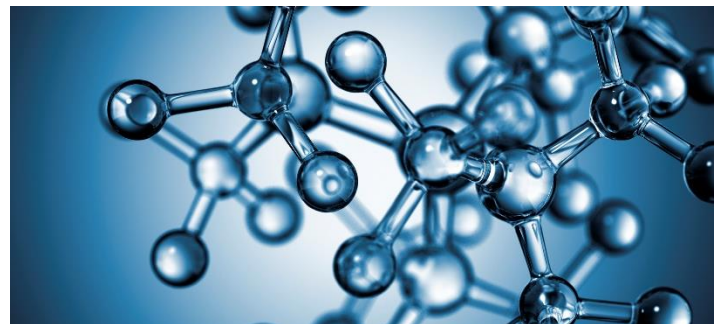
Our transparent and dynamic demand forecasts include an overview of estimated REE usage per unit for each individual application covered, and specify how this usage per unit is expected to evolve over the forecast period.

This ensures that the reader comes away with a solid understanding of both the micro and macro demand drivers shaping the demand outlook for each application.

In this chartbook, we forecast global REO demand for applications of catalysts from 2017 through 2025. We cover global demand by region, oxide, application, and end-use in the categories refinery catalysts, mobile emissions catalysts, stationary emissions catalysts, and rubber manufacturing catalysts.

This Chartbook has been prepared in a 'Management-Style' format that enables the user to quickly digest and make sense of key technology and market trends shaping the future of global rare earth demand.

The information and forecasts presented herein build on the wealth of research and information presented in Adamas Intelligence's comprehensive "Rare Earth Market Outlook to 2025" report.



Essential reading for:

- Catalyst Manufacturers
- Catalyst Consumers
- Automakers and Suppliers
- Oil Producers and Refiners
- Informed Investors and Financiers
- Exploration and Mining Companies
- Government Agencies
- Other Industry Stakeholders

